

# Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity (ORAC) Assay

**ACTIVE CONCEPTS LLC** 

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Tradename: AC Phytocoll PF

**Code:** 16564

**CAS #:** 8013-01-2

Test Request Form #: 245

Lot #: 23308

**Sponsor:** Active Concepts, LLC; 107 Technology Drive Lincolnton, NC 28092

Study Director: Erica Segura

Principle Investigator: Meghan Darley

#### **Test Performed:**

Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity (ORAC)

#### Introduction

Reactive oxygen species (ROS) are generated by normal cellular processes, environmental stresses, and UV irradiation. ROS are dangerous to cellular structures and functional molecules (i.e DNA, proteins, lipids) as they act as strong oxidizing agents or free radicals. The oxygen radical absorbance capacity (ORAC) assay is a standard method used to assess antioxidant capacity of physiological fluids, foods, beverages, and natural products. The assay quantitatively measures a sample's ability to quench free radicals that have the potential to react with and damage cellular components.

Accordingly, the Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity (ORAC) assay was conducted to assess the antioxidant capacity of **AC Phytocoll PF**.

### Assay Principle

This assay is based upon the effect of peroxyl radicals generated from the thermal decomposition of 2, 2'-azobis-2-methyl-propanimidamide dihydrochloride (AAPH) on the signal intensity from the fluorescent probe, fluorescein, in the presence of an oxygen radical absorbing substance. The degree of change is indicative of the amount of radical damage and the presence of antioxidants results in an inhibition in the free radical damage to the fluorescein. The antioxidant protection of the sample can be calculated by comparing it to a set of known standards. Trolox®, a water soluble vitamin E analog, with known antioxidant capabilities is used in this ORAC assay as the standard for measuring the antioxidant capacity of unknown substances. ORAC values, expressed in  $\mu$ M of Trolox® equivalents (TE), are calculated using the area under the curves (AUC) of the test product, Trolox®, and the control materials. Trolox® equivalency is used as the benchmark for antioxidant capacity of mixtures since it is difficult to measure individual components.



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Materials

**A. Equipment:** Synergy H1 Microplate reader (BioTek Instruments, Winooski, VT); Gen5 software (BioTek

Instruments, Winooski, VT); Pipettes

**B. Buffers:** 75 mM Potassium Phosphate (pH 7.4); Deionized H<sub>2</sub>O

C. Reagents: 2,2'-Azobis(2-methylpropionamidine) dihydrochloride (AAPH) (153 mM); 6-Hydroxy-

2,5,7,8-tetramethylchromane-2-carboxylic acid (Trolox®); Fluorescein Sodium Salt (4 nM)

D. Preparation: Pre-heat (37°C) Synergy H1 Microplate reader; Prepare Trolox® standards, sample

dilutions, fluorescein solution, and AAPH

**E. Microplate:** Corning 96 Well Black Side/Clear Bottom Microplates

#### Methods

Solutions of AC Phytocoll PF and Trolox® (positive control) were prepared in 75 mM potassium phosphate buffer. Materials were prepared at three different concentrations/dilutions. Trolox® was used as a reference for antioxidant capacity and prepared at concentrations ranging from 12.5  $\mu$ M to 200  $\mu$ M in 75 mM potassium phosphate buffer.

For the assay,  $25~\mu\text{L}$  of test material and Trolox® were combined with  $150~\mu\text{L}$  of fluorescein in 75 mM potassium phosphate buffer and incubated in the Synergy HT Microplate reader at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 30 minutes. At the end of the incubation period,  $25~\mu\text{L}$  of AAPH (153~mM prepared in 75mM potassium phosphate buffer) were added to each well. Fluorescent measurements were then taken every 2 minutes for approximately 2 hours at an excitation wavelength of 480 nm and an emissions wavelength of 520~nm.

The AUC and Net AUC values of the standards and samples were determined using Gen5 2.0 Data Reduction Software (BioTek Instruments) using the below equations:

$$AUC = 0.5 + \frac{R2}{R1} + \frac{R3}{R1} + \frac{R4}{R1} + \dots + \frac{Rn}{R1} \rightarrow Where R is fluorescence reading$$

$$Net\ AUC = AUC_{sample} - AUC_{blank}$$

The standard curve was obtained by plotting the Net AUC of different Trolox® concentrations against their concentration. ORAC values of samples were then calculated automatically using the Gen5 software to interpolate the sample's Net AUC values against the Trolox® standard curve. ORAC measurements for the test material were expressed in micro molar Trolox® equivalents ( $\mu$ MTE), where 1 ORAC unit is equal to 1  $\mu$ MTE. Assays were repeated three separate times with each sample run in duplicate. Duplicates for each replicate were averaged, and the average of all three experiments is displayed. Data was analyzed using a one-way ANOVA with statistical significance accepted at p  $\leq$  0.05.



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### Results

The data obtained from this study met criteria for a valid assay. **AC Phytocoll PF** showed potent antioxidant activity at 0.5% concentration. The ORAC value for 0.5% **AC Phytocoll PF** is 207  $\mu$ MTE.

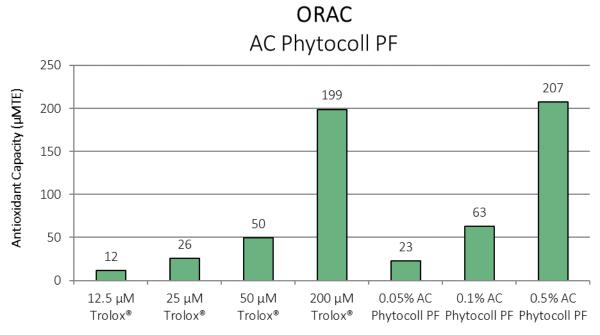


Figure 1. Antioxidant capacity of AC Phytocoll PF.

Table 1. P-values from one-way ANOVA Statistical Analysis Compared to 25 μM, 50 μM, and 200 μM Trolox®

	0.05% AC Phytocoll PF	0.1% AC Phytocoll PF	0.5% AC Phytocoll PF
25 μΜ	> 0.05	< 0.001	< 0.001
50 μΜ	< 0.001	> 0.05	< 0.001
200 μΜ	< 0.001	< 0.001	> 0.05

### Discussion

As shown in Figure 1, 0.05%, 0.1%, and 0.5% **AC Phytocoll PF** exhibited comparable antioxidant activity to 25  $\mu$ M, 50  $\mu$ M, and 200  $\mu$ M Trolox®, respectively. The antioxidant capacity of **AC Phytocoll PF** increased as the concentration increased, indicating that the ability to minimize oxidative stress is dose dependent. Maximizing the antioxidant capacity on a cellular level allows for ROS to be dealt with at a rate that provides protection from cellular damage. This cellular damage can be seen as physical signs of aging such as wrinkles, loss of elasticity, unwanted pigmentation, and skin unevenness with slow regeneration.

In summary, AC Phytocoll PF is capable of providing antioxidant properties and aids in the anti-aging process through protection at the cellular level.