

Tradename: ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF

Code: 20440PF

CAS #: 84961-57-9 & 1686112-10-6 (or) 84775-94-0 (or) 9015-54-7

Test Request Form #: 8806

Lot #: 8636000

Sponsor: *Active Concepts, LLC; 107 Technology Drive Lincolnton, NC 28092*

Study Director: *Maureen Drumwright*

Principal Investigator: *Grant Tyler*

Test Performed:

Moisturization Study

Introduction

The skin's structural and functional integrity is predominantly dependent on sufficient hydration levels given several enzymes maintaining homeostasis within the stratum corneum are hydrolytic and do not occur efficiently if water is below an acceptable threshold. Adequately hydrated skin is flexible, resistant to shearing forces, an effective protective barrier, and appears more youthful with a reduction in fine lines and wrinkles. Conversely, insufficiently hydrated skin is present in many skin diseases and exhibits a compromised protective barrier, feels dry, flaky, and rough, and is correlated with skin aging. Consequently, proper hydration maintains the skin's structural and functional integrity and contributes to the appearance of healthier looking skin.

Accordingly, a moisturization study was conducted to evaluate the immediate and short-term skin hydrating properties of **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF**.

Study Principle

Hydration measurements are made by placing a probe on the skin of preidentified test sites. The hydration probe evaluates conductance properties by alternating voltages in the upper layers of skin and provides a measurement of local hydration. The controls and test materials are applied to the skin test site once and hydration is measured at four time increments within a 24-hour period.

Materials

- A. Equipment:** DermaLab Skin Combo (Hydration Probe)
- B. Products:** Base Lotion (Cetaphil® Moisturizing Cream for All Skin Types)
- C. Software:** Excel Analysis ToolPak (Microsoft)

Methods

20 volunteers between the ages of 23 and 45, who were known to be free of any skin pathologies with Fitzpatrick skin types I to IV, participated in this study (Table 1).

Table 1. The Fitzpatrick Classification of Skin Types Chart¹

Fitzpatrick Skin Type Descriptions*	
Skin Type	Description
I	Always burns, never tans
II	Burns easily, tans minimally
III	Burns moderately, tans to light brown
IV	Burns minimally, tans to moderate brown
V	Rarely burns, tans to dark
VI	Never burns, least sensitive to changes

*Adapted from The Surgeon General's Call to Action to Prevent Skin Cancer

Three randomly assigned test sites were identified on the volar forearm of participants and baseline moisture measurements were recorded. Following baseline measurements, participants applied 0.2 g of each treatment to their volar forearm once during the 24-hour test period. Moisture measurements were recorded at four time increments after the application of test materials. The skin test site conditions and treatments are described below (Table 2). The Base Lotion utilized in this study was Cetaphil® Moisturizing Cream for All Skin Types.

Table 2. Descriptions of the Conditions and Treatments for each Skin Test Site

Skin Test Site	Condition	Treatment / Test Article Application Description
1	Untreated Control	None
2	Base Lotion	Base Lotion
3	2.0% ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF	2.0% ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF in Base Lotion

An average of three consecutive moisture measurements per condition at each time point was recorded and expressed as micro-Siemens (μS) for each volunteer. Data are displayed as averages from all volunteers and analyzed using t-tests with statistical significance accepted at $p \leq 0.05$. The percent change in moisture was calculated for each test site at every timepoint relative to Baseline values, using the following equation:

$$\text{Percent Change (\%)} = \frac{\text{Skin Moisture}_{\text{Measurement Time}} - \text{Skin Moisture}_{\text{Baseline}}}{\text{Skin Moisture}_{\text{Baseline}}} \times 100$$

Results

The data obtained from this study met criteria for a valid study as the Untreated Control and Base Lotion performed as anticipated. Application of 2.0% **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** once in a 24-hour period demonstrated effective immediate and short-term skin hydrating properties by enhancing moisturization throughout the study duration.

Skin Hydration ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF

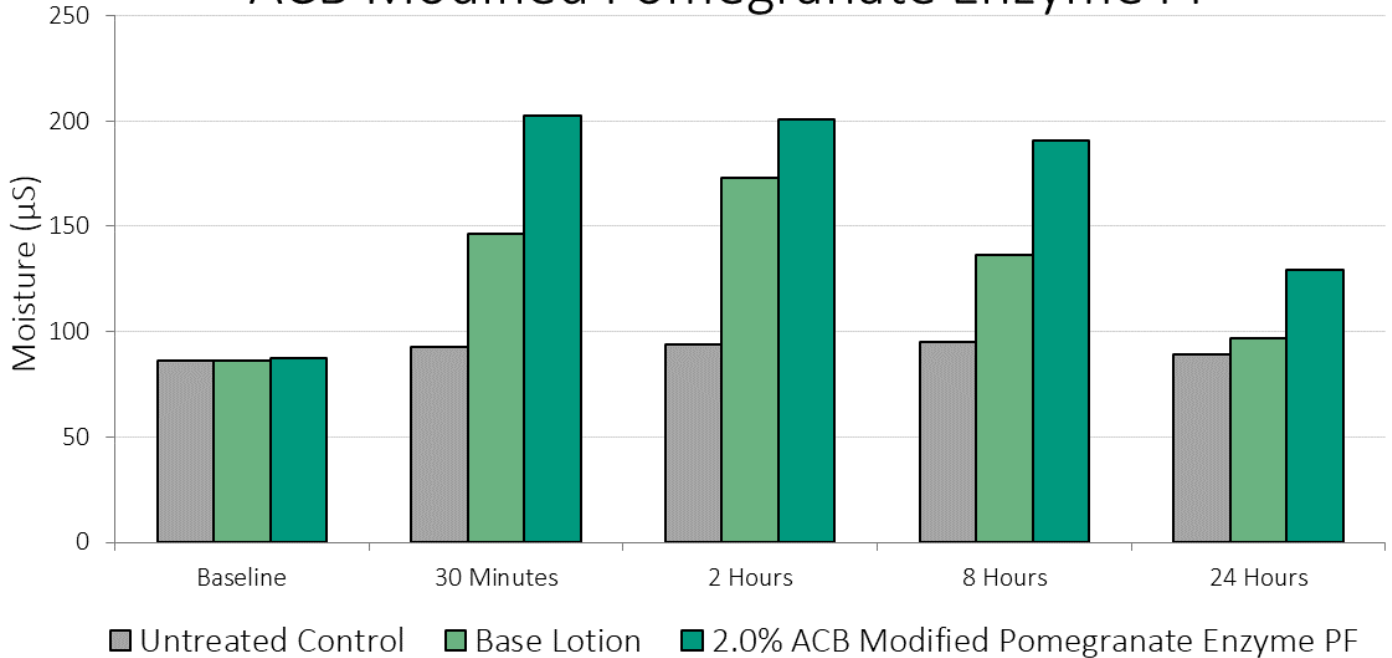


Figure 1. Skin Hydration Overtime

Table 3. P-values from t-test Analyses of Moisture Levels from Baseline to 2 Hours and 24 Hours After Application

	Untreated Control	Base Lotion	2.0% ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF
2 Hours After Application	0.062	0.065	< 0.001
24 Hours After Application	0.538	0.073	< 0.001

Table 4. T-test Analysis of Moisture Levels 2 hours After Application

	Untreated Control vs Base Lotion	Untreated Control vs 2.0% ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF	Base Lotion vs 2.0% ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF
P-value	0.001	< 0.001	0.004

Change in Skin Hydration ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF

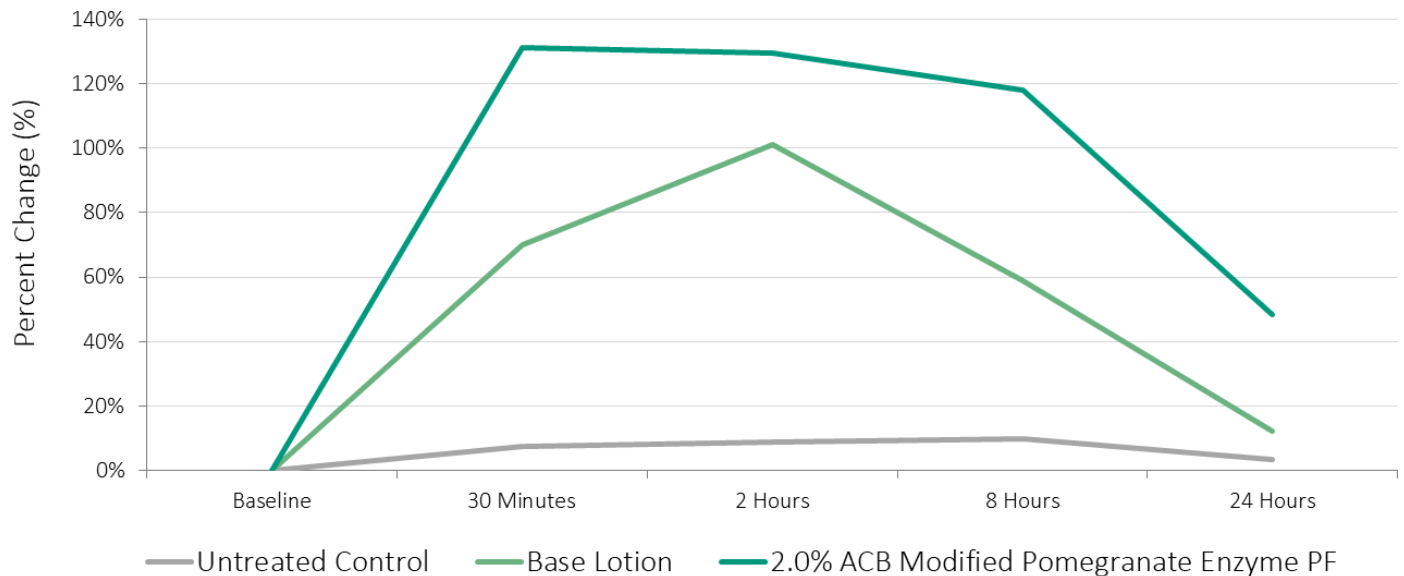


Figure 2. Percent Change in Skin Hydration Relative to Baseline Values

Discussion

The ability of **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** to enhance skin moisturization was assessed via hydration throughout 24 hours with one initial application. As shown in Figure 1 and 2, skin moisture did not significantly change throughout the study with the Untreated Control test site, indicating consistent skin hydration over 24 hours (Table 3). Skin moisture was slightly altered throughout the study with Base Lotion application, indicating the Base Lotion exerts a marginal hydration effect on the skin (Figures 1, 2; Table 3). Conversely, applying 2.0% **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** once in a 24-hour period significantly augmented skin moisturization by 130% two hours after application, and remained elevated 24 hours after application (Figures 1, 2; Table 3). These results demonstrate **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** has effective immediate and short-term skin hydration properties.

Similar results are shown when examining the collective effect between each condition. There is a slight difference in skin hydration between the Untreated Control and Base Lotion two hours after application (Figure 1; Table 4). However, applying 2.0% **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** significantly increased hydration compared to the Untreated Control and Base Lotion (Figure 1; Table 4). These results demonstrate **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** elicits acute skin moisturization with just one application.

Taken together, these results indicate **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** increases skin moisturization immediately when added to personal care applications at recommended use levels. Collectively, **ACB Modified Pomegranate Enzyme PF** demonstrates immediate and short-term skin hydration properties which improves the skin's protective barrier function and contributes to the appearance of healthier looking skin.

References

1. Sharma AN, Patel BC. Laser Fitzpatrick Skin Type Recommendations. [Updated 2022 Mar 9]. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2022 Jan-. Available from: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK557626/>