



IL-6 ELISA Analysis

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Tradename: ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF

Code: 10405PF

CAS #: 7732-18-5 & 84696-15-1 & 84082-70-2

Test Request Form #: 5636

Lot #: S191001J

Sponsor: *Active Concepts, LLC; 107 Technology Drive Lincolnton, NC 28092*

Study Director: *Maureen Danaher*

Principle Investigator: *Jennifer Goodman*

Test Performed:

Interleukin (IL)-6 Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA)

Introduction

Interleukin-6 is a proinflammatory cytokine known to play an active role in inflammation, immunology, bone metabolism, reproduction, arthritis, neoplasia, and aging. IL-6 signals through the nuclear factor-kappa B (NF- κ B) pathway that results in the transcription of inflammatory mediators, including matrix metalloproteinase-1 (MMP-1). MMP's are responsible for breaking down the extracellular matrix and collagen in the skin leading to wrinkles, fine lines, and loss of skin elasticity. Reducing the level of IL-6 and other inflammatory mediators is believed to slow down degradation of the skin matrix and, possibly, stimulate its replenishment.

Interleukin-6 ELISA was conducted to assess the changes in IL-6 levels in **ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF** -treated *in vitro* cultured human dermal fibroblasts.

Assay Principle

This ELISA utilizes a colorimetric reaction employing antibodies with antigen specificity to human IL-6. Monoclonal antibodies specific for IL-6 epitopes are coated on a microtiter plate. In positive samples, IL-6 will bind to these antibodies and are tagged a second time with another IL-6-specific antibody labeled with horseradish peroxidase (HRP). The addition of the chromagen solution, containing 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine, provides the colorimetric reaction with HRP that is quantitated through optical density (OD) readings on a microplate spectrometer. The standard curve provides a reference from the OD readings for the amount of IL-6 in each sample.

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Materials

- A. **Kit:** Human IL-6 ELISA Kit (Thermo Scientific; EH2IL6)
- B. **Incubation Conditions:** 37°C at 5% CO₂ and 95% relative humidity (RH)
- C. **Equipment:** Forma humidified incubator; ESCO biosafety laminar flow hood; Microplate Reader; Pipettes
- D. **Cell Line:** Normal Human Dermal Fibroblasts (HDFa) (ATCC; PCS-201-121)
- E. **Media/Buffers:** Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium (DMEM); Penicillin-Streptomycin (50U-50mg/mL); Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS); Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS); Amphotericin (45pg/mL)
- F. **Culture Plate:** Falcon flat bottom 12-well tissue culture treated plates
- G. **Reagents:** Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (1µg/mL); Dexamethasone (10µM)
- H. **Other:** Sterile disposable pipette tips; wash bottles

Methods

Human dermal fibroblasts were seeded into 12-well tissue culture plates and allowed to grow to confluency in complete DMEM. 1%, 0.1%, 0.01% concentrations of **ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF** were added to complete DMEM containing 1µg/mL LPS and incubated with fibroblasts for 72 hours. Complete media containing 1µg/mL LPS was used to create an inflammatory environment and dexamethasone (DEX) in the presence of LPS was used as a positive control to quell inflammation.

Standards were prepared in concentrations ranging from 2476pg/mL to 0pg/mL. 50µL of Solution B was added to wells for standards and assay controls and 50µL of Solution A was added to experiment wells. 100µL of standards, controls, and samples were added to appropriate wells. After a one hour incubation at room temperature and washing, 50µL Solution A and 100µL anti-IL-6 conjugate was added to all wells. Following a one hour incubation and washing, 100 µL chromagen solution was added for the colorimetric reaction. One-hundred µL stop solution was added to stop the reaction after 15 minutes. The optical density was read at 450nm on the Synergy HT Microplate Reader.

A standard curve was created by reducing the data and generating a linear curve fit. The IL-6 concentration of **ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF** treated-fibroblasts was determined by extrapolation from the standard curve and expressed in pg/mL.

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Results

The data obtained from this study met criteria for a valid assay and the positive and negative controls performed as anticipated.

ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF at a concentration of 1.0% was able to decrease IL-6 production.

IL-6 production percent decrease is calculated by the following formula:

$$\text{Percent (\%) Change} = \frac{\text{IL 6 Concentration}_{\text{sample}} - \text{IL 6 Concentration}_{1\mu\text{M/mL LPS}}}{\text{IL 6 Concentration}_{1\mu\text{M/mL LPS}} \times 100$$

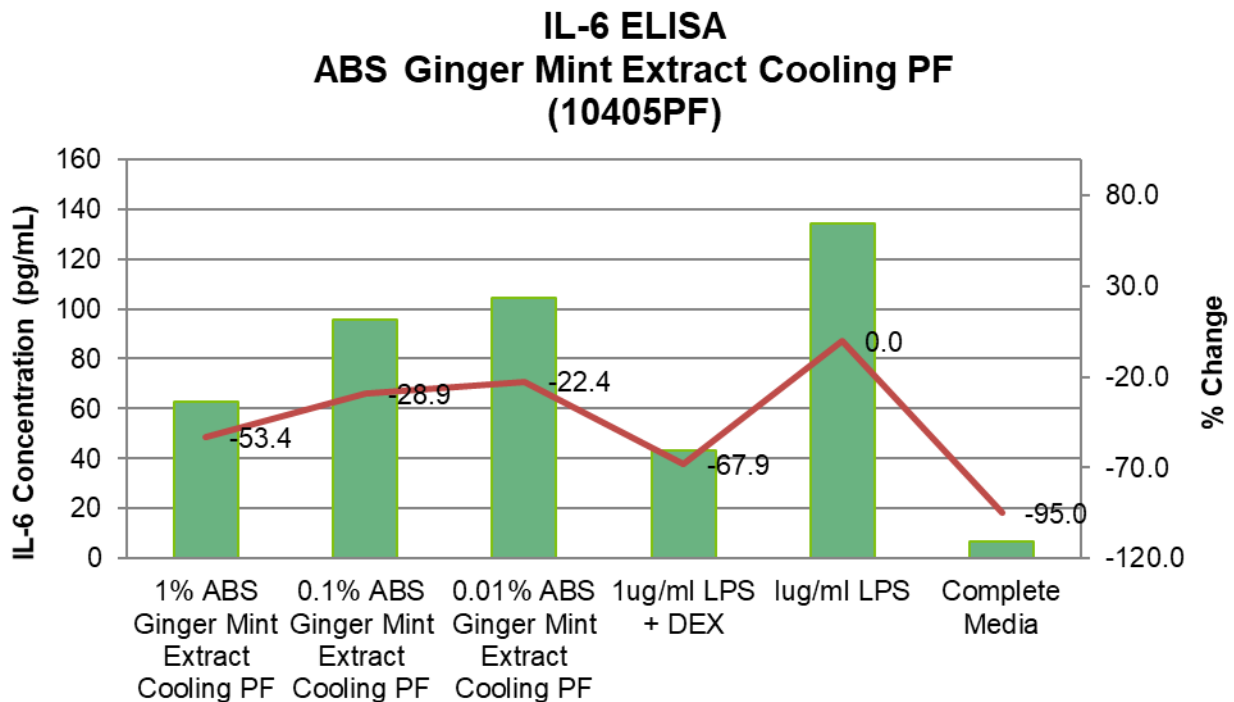


Figure 1: Product -treated fibroblasts IL-6 concentrations and percent change

Discussion

As shown in figure 1, **ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF (10405PF)** exhibited anti-inflammatory effects on LPS-treated fibroblasts. This decrease in IL-6 production indicates a reduced inflammatory environment which could decrease the signs of aging and reduce the formation of fine lines and wrinkles. It can therefore be concluded that at normal use concentrations **ABS Ginger Mint Extract Cooling PF** enhances soothing and anti-aging properties.

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